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From theory to therapy room: a dog's point of view



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article core

Dogs experience stress from loud (background) noises. Soundproof wall elements or partition walls

mutes the noise

INTRODUCTION Animal Assisted Therapy (AAT) is a growing sector in human health care. Using animals as co-therapist urges for advice to guarantee the welfare of the animals involved. The goal of this study was to develop guidelines for creating a dog-friendly therapy room. keeping also human needs in mind

METHODS

To this end, we combined a literature review of 300 papers on dogs' senses, physiological and behavioural needs with advisory groups of experts on these subjects and in-depth interviews with five AAT-therapists.

Ideal room temperature for both humans and dogs is between 18" C and 22" C, depending on humidity, degree of activity and for dogs also the breed. Above 25" C, avoid active sessions since this increases the risk for heat stroke in dogs. Provide drinking water ad lib.

Allow the dog to seek shelter if he needs a break during a session. Forcing the dog will cause stress. Provide several from which he can overlook the room

A cosy space for relaxing



A dog's most important sensory input is smell. Avoid air refreshers or wearing strong perfume. Use cleaning products based on chloorhexidine and cetrimide like Hospital Antiseptic Concentrate (HAC), Baskets and dog blankets can be washed with water only, or add some vinegar. Note that lavender and chamomile have a calming effect on dogs and humans, as does soft easy listening music



Activity room to initiate play and other guided activities

ation ream



Avoid slippery floors by choosing for textured laminate floors which are also easy to clean



Take the dog for a before after sessions to avoid him using the outside area as a litter box

area with various natural elements (grass, trees, ...) creates extra room for therapeutic exercises, and stimulates natural behaviour in dogs.



Partly textured allow daylight inside and a view on natural elements, but withhold outside distraction for the dog

Dogs' eyes can distinguish 70 to 80 frames per second. Light fluctuations in older fluorescent and LED lights have a stroboscopic effect on dogs' eyes. This yery likely is a continuous nuisance to dogs since in humans it causes headaches. Use high frequency light sources instead (at least 100Hz)

DISCUSSION

These guidelines focus on general aspects of a dog's needs. However, it is important to remember that every dog is an individual with its own preferences. even though he is well-trained for AAT. Observe the dog's behaviour to notice signals of discomfort. Next to the physical environment, the quality of the relationship among therapist, dog and client highly effects the wellbeing of all parties.

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